

# LASER-INDUCED DAMAGE THRESHOLD (LIDT) MEASUREMENT REPORT

## T-ON-1 TEST PROCEDURE

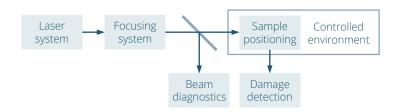
SAMPLE: SAMPLE

Request from	
Address	Company Address Line 1 Address Line 2 Country
Contact person	Name Surname
Inquiry ID	Inquiry ID: 0001
Purchase order	-
Testing institute	
Address	UAB Lidaris Saulėtekio al. 10 10223 Vilnius Lithuania
Tester	Name Surname
Test date	01/01/2025
Sale order	SO0001
Test ID	-
Specimen	
Name Type Dimensions Packaging	Sample HR Metallic Coating Ø25.5 x 4.0 mm Plastic box



# TEST EQUIPMENT

### Test setup



### Laser and its parameters

Type Continuous wave Yb:fiber laser

Manufacturer IPG

Model YLS6000-U Central wavelength 1070.0 nm

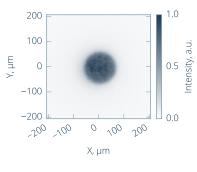
Angle of incidence 45.0 deg
Polarization state Random

Spatial beam profile in target plane Near flat-top Beam diameter in target plane (effective) (141.6  $\pm$  5.7)  $\mu$ m

Longitudinal pulse profile CW
Power stability 0.3 %

#### Energy/power meter

Manufacturer Ophir Model 10K-W-BB-45-V3 Calibration due date 2027-12-31



(a) Beam profile

Figure 1. Laser parameters used for measurements.

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## TEST SPECIFICATION

### Definitions and test description

Laser-induced damage (LID) is defined as any permanent laser radiation induced change in the characteristics of the surface/bulk of the specimen which can be observed by an inspection technique and at a sensitivity related to the intended operation of the product concerned. <sup>1</sup> T-on-1 test involves exposure multiple test sites with increasing CW irradiances for specified exposition time. T in definition stands for exposition time.

Laser-induced damage threshold (LIDT) is defined as the average irradiance of lowest observed damaged level and first undamaged level below.

Test sites		
Number of sites Arrangement of sites Minimum distance between sites Site exposition duration	130 Hexagonal 750 µm 30 s	
Analysis information		
Online detection Offline detection Software version	Scattered light diode Nomarski microscope 01dc75aa	
Test environment		
Environment Cleanroom class (ISO 14644-1) Pressure Temperature Humidity	Air ISO7 1 bar 23.1 - 23.5 C 27.3 - 27.7 %	
Sample preparation		
Storage before test Dust blow-off Cleaning	Normal laboratory conditions Canned air None	



# LIDT TEST RESULTS

## LIDT VALUE

	Irradiance	Linear power density
T(30 s)-on-1	0.43 <sup>+0.12</sup> <sub>-0.10</sub> MW/cm <sup>2</sup>	4.80 <sup>+0.86</sup> <sub>-0.79</sub> kW/cm

## CHARACTERISTIC DAMAGE CURVE

Table 1: T-on-1 thresholds for sample Sample.

	Analysis type	Irradiance	Linear power density
T(30 s)-on-1	Catastrophic	1.07 <sup>+0.29</sup> <sub>-0.26</sub> MW/cm <sup>2</sup>	11.9 <sup>+2.1</sup> <sub>-2.0</sub> kW/cm
T(30 s)-on-1	Color mode	0.43 <sup>+0.12</sup> <sub>-0.10</sub> MW/cm <sup>2</sup>	4.80 <sup>+0.86</sup> <sub>-0.79</sub> kW/cm

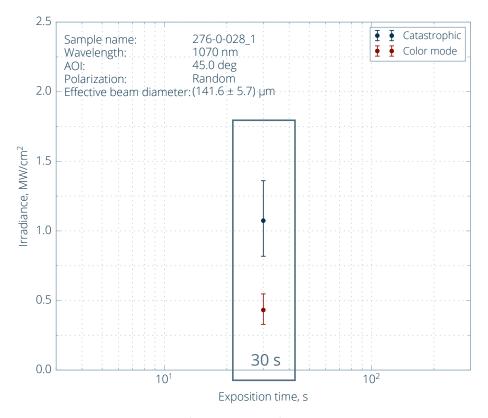


Figure 2. Characteristic damage curve.

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# DAMAGE PROBABILITY (CATASTROPHIC)

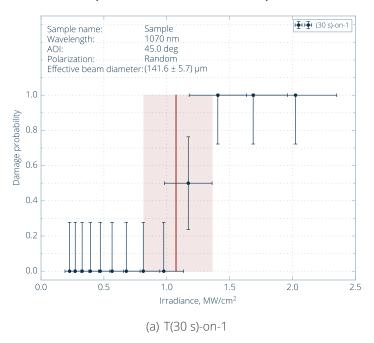


Figure 3. Damage probability plot.

## TYPICAL DAMAGE MORPHOLOGY

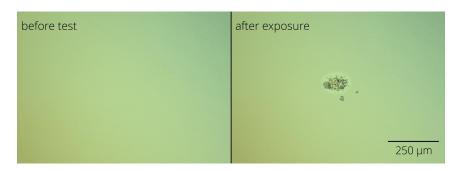


Figure 4. Typical damage morphology: irradiance 1.41 MW/cm<sup>2</sup>, exposition time 1 ms.



Figure 5. Typical damage morphology: irradiance 1.69 MW/cm<sup>2</sup>, exposition time 1 ms.

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# DAMAGE PROBABILITY (COLOR MODE)

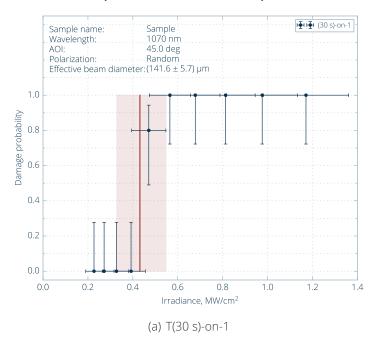


Figure 6. Damage probability plot.

## TYPICAL DAMAGE MORPHOLOGY

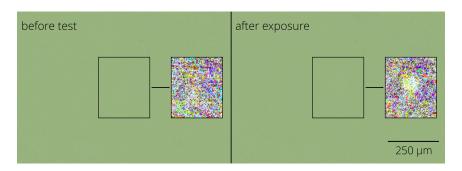


Figure 7. Typical damage morphology: irradiance 0.471 MW/cm<sup>2</sup>, exposition time 30.0 s.

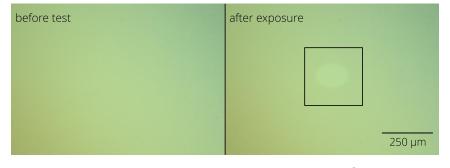


Figure 8. Typical damage morphology: irradiance 0.813 MW/cm², exposition time 30.0 s.

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## TECHNICAL NOTES

### **TECHNICAL NOTE 1: Oblique incidence**

According to the ISO 21254-2:2011 standard, for spatial beam profiling perpendicular to the direction of beam propagation and angles of incidence differing from 0 degrees, the cosine of the angle of incidence is included in the calculation of the effective area, which leads to correct evaluation of laser irradiance at different angles of incidence (Figure 9).

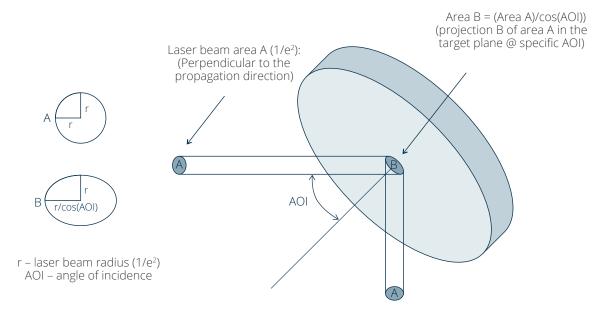
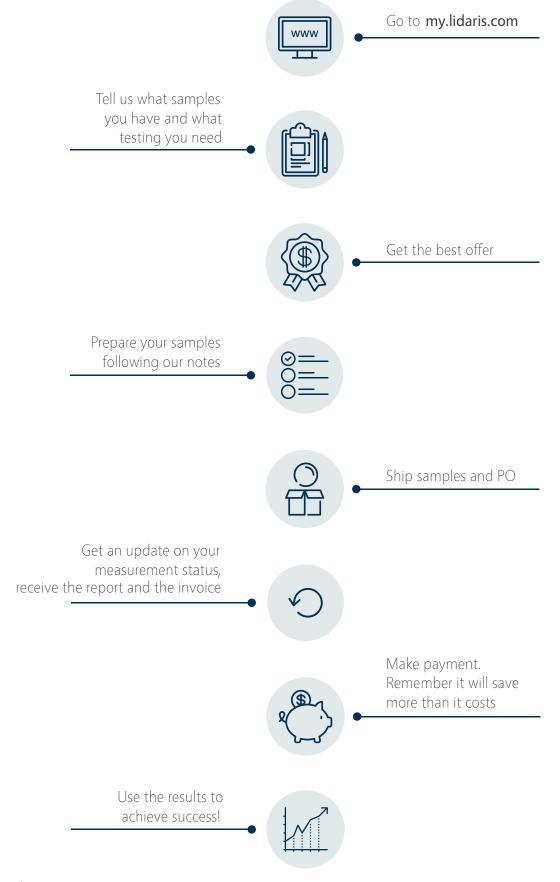


Figure 9. Oblique incidence.

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